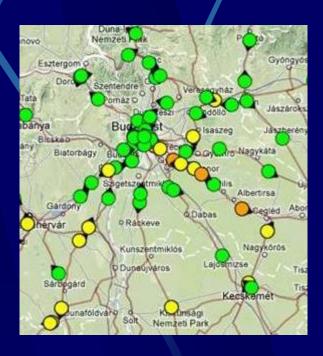
Intelligent transport systems





Urban Transport 13. András Gulyás PhD habil associate professor

Content

- Definition of intelligent transport systems (ITS)
- EU basic ITS regulation
- EU strategic elements, priority areas
- Connect, EasyWay and Crocodile projects
- Urban ITS solutions in road traffic
- Urban ITS solutions in public transport

"Intelligent Transport Systems" or "ITS" means systems in which information and communication technologies are applied in the field of road transport, including infrastructure, vehicles and users, and in traffic management and mobility management, as well as for interfaces with other modes of transport.

Source: EU ITS Directive, 2010

The information can be:

- by source: static, dynamic,
- o by user: collective, individual,
- o by space: roadside, in vehicle,
- by time: before trip, during trip,
- o by control: point-like, section-like, area-wide.

Providers of information:

- o sensors, traffic control centre,
- o road users, connected vehicles.

The traditional approach, construction of new infrastructure, is not able to provide necessary results in due time according to its challenges.

There is a need for innovative solutions to achieve quick development in solving traffic problems.

The intelligent transport systems have a role in real results and increased efficiency of transport.

In the future system integration, interoperability, co-ordination among road operators will be important.

There will be general travel services available for everyone at all time by different media tools (Internet, mobile apps, navigation systems etc.).

Road users and public transport users gain advantage of ITS as well as cyclists.

Standardisation of various technical solutions help to achieve interoperability and co-operation.

Connected vehicles, road and vehicle interaction will become wider in the near future.

EU basic ITS regulation

DIRECTIVE 2010/40/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 7 July 2010 on the framework for the deployment of Intelligent Transport Systems in the field of road transport and for interfaces with other modes of transport.

Action plan for the deployment of Intelligent Transport Systems in Europe (2009. december).

Priority areas for the development and use of specifications and standards:

- Optimal use of road, traffic and travel data
- Continuity of traffic and freight management ITS services
- ITS road safety and security applications
- Linking the vehicle with the transport infrastructure

Priority actions:

- the provision of EU-wide multimodal travel information services,
- o the provision of EU-wide real-time traffic information services,
- data and procedures for the provision, where possible, of road safety related minimum universal traffic information free of charge to users,
- the harmonised provision for an interoperable EU-wide eCall,

Priority actions (continued):

the provision of information and reservation services for safe and secure parking places for trucks and commercial vehicles.

Strategic elements:

- ITS applications in up-to-date road operation, traffic management plans
- Traffic control systems and traffic information systems of the high-speed road network

Strategic elements (continued):

- Traffic control centres
- Road user information centres
- Multimodal travel information: real time information systems
- Electronic tolling
- Electronic payment in public transport (e-ticketing)
- Freight and logistics services
- o Traffic safety enhancement, eSafety systems (eCall)

Connect - 2004-2009 "euro-regional" project mainly for the new member states.

Participants: Czech republic, Poland, Hungary, Slovakia, Slovenia, Austria, Germany and Italy.

ITS system planning and deployment



EasyWay – European co-ordination of ITS systems and services between 2007-2014.

Participants: 27 European countries (mainly EU member states).

The EasyWay vision:

- o well informed traveller information systems,
- well operated network traffic management system,
- o efficient and safe truck traffic and freight,
- o excellent info-communication infrastructure



The EasyWay "Deployment Guidelines" are a basic result of the project covering all areas and issues of ITS technologies finished in 2014.

The Deployment Guidelines define service levels, provide recommendations and best practice examples.

The Deployment Guidelines contain functional, organisational and technical harmonisation and compliance requirements.

CROCODILE - Cooperation of Road Operators for COnsistent and Dynamic Information LEvels

- Project management and information dissemination
- Cross-border co-ordination activities, information services
- Data acquisition, data processing, data exchange (DATEX II)
- Data access at national and European level
- Services for end users





Co-ordination with neighbouring countries

Automated data exchange – national access point (Single Point of Access)

Increased traffic safety especially in case or road works

Development of on-line devices

Development of services:

- Traffic information systems (TIS)
- Information of truck parking (ITP)

· Rijeka

Hrvatska

(Croatia)

Existing co-operations to be further developed



Planned co-operations







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Cooperation for I ramic Management and I ramic Information Exchange Zusammenarbeit für Verkehrsmanagement und –informationsaustausch Suradnja za upravljanje prometom i razmjenu prometnih informacija Együttmüködés a forgalomirányításban és a forgalmi információk cseréjében

Cooperazione per la gestione e lo scambio di informazioni del traffico Sodelovanje za upravljanje in izmenjavo informacij o prometu

> ASFINAG Service GmbH, Traunuferstrasse 9, A-4052 Ansfelder im Vollmachtsnamen der

> > Hrvatske autoceste d.o.o., Širolina 4, 10000 Zagreb and

Autocesta Rijeka-Zagreb d.d., Sirolina 4, 10000 Zagreb and Bina-letra d.d., Zrinkfek 57, 52426 Lupoplay

and Autocesta Zagreb-Macelj d.o.o., Velika Ves 116/a, Lepajci, 49000 Krapini

and łagyar Közút Nonprofit Zártkörűen Működő Reszvérytárasság, H-1024 Budapest, Fényes Elek utca 7-1 (Magyarország)

> S.p.A. Autovie Venete, via Locchi 19 – 34123 Trieste (Italia) and

ANAS S.p.A. Compartimento della Viabilità per il Friuli - Venezia Giulia (Italia) and DARS. Družba za avtoceste v Republiki Stoveniji, d.d., Ulica XIV, divizije 4 SI-3000 CEI

(English version)

The signatories agree to commit themselves to the following objectives to be achieved in commo endeavour:

. To elaborate and implement procedures and means of communication for a mutual manual

Enlargement of on-line traffic counting network Installation of traffic monitoring cameras

Main action areas:
M1 motorway and
Budapest agglomeration



National access point

- Organisation of collected data and information into one central database (Data Portal)
- Automated (DATEX based) data exchange with partners
- Co-operation of data owners





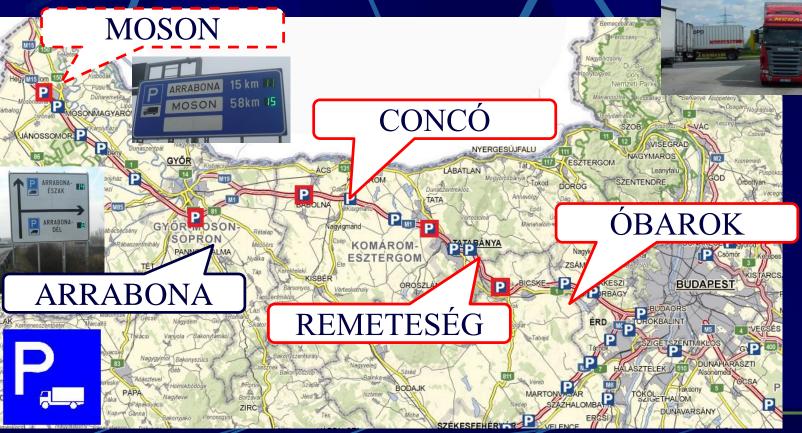
Dynamic database of road works (actual position and supplementary data)
Co-operative pilot system (direct in-vehicle warning)







Truck parking information system on the M1 motorway















Signalised traffic control

Parking management occupation tolling

Restricted entry areas control enforcement

Surveillance monitoring functions Traffic safety
control
management

Dynamic traffic maps including congestions for mobile apps or in-car navigation systems.

Real-time information on traffic incidents (radio based Traffic Message Channel, TMC)

The reliability and authentication of information by adequate organisations (i.e. road operator, police) is very important. Although road users may provide useful information, the verification of such information is indispensable.

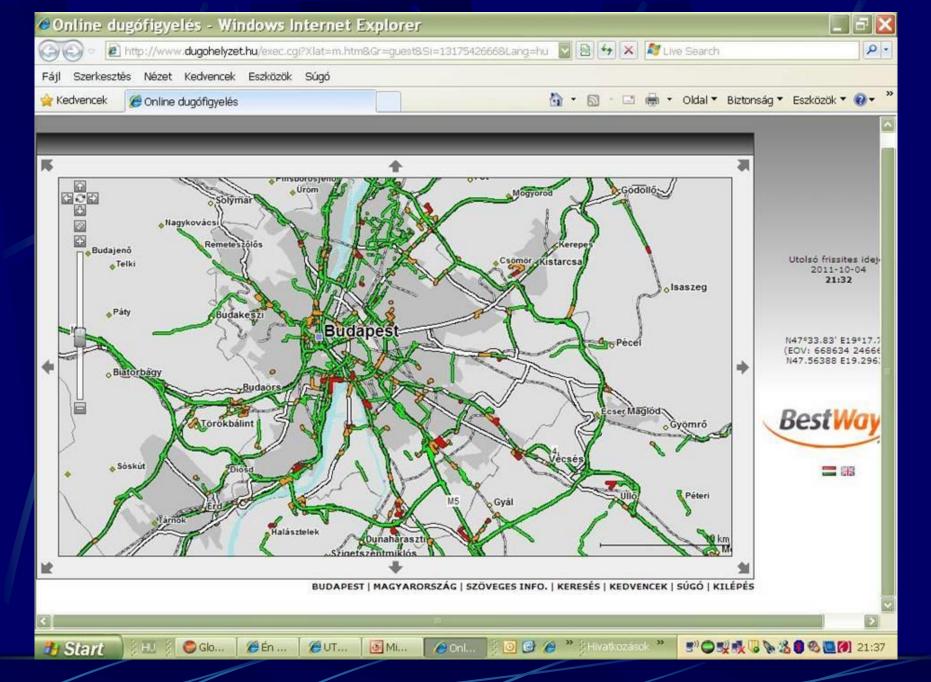


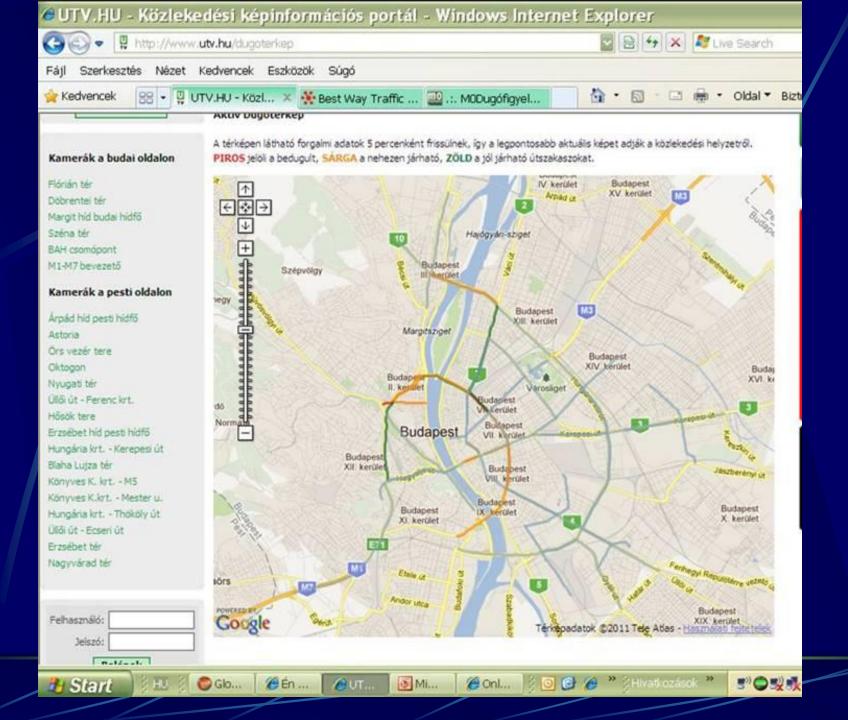
Sources of real-time traffic data:

- floating car data from vehicles moving in the traffic (i.e. taxis in Vienna),
- surveillance or monitoring cameras,
- road users using mobile apps.

Usual updating interval is 2 min, data content concerns the previous 15 min.

Example: traffic congestion maps of Budapest





Intelligent speed adaptation (ISA)

In urban areas strengthens the speed reduction signs at different levels of influence:

- advice or warning to driver,
- influence of car engine, which the driver may override,
- obligatory influence of car engine (braking),

Results: decrease of average speed, similar travel times, reduced accident risk.

ISA experiments: Sweden, Australia

In Sweden in 1999-2002 in 4 cities including 5000 vehicles, all three types of influence.

Measurable decrease of speed and accident risk.

New-South-Wales in 2008-2009 on a network of 2500 km including about 100 vehicles, providing advice incorporated into the navigation software.

No visible result in case of driver under 25 years.



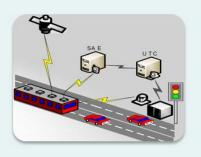
ISA accident risk reduction in Lund, Sweden

70 km/h	50 km/h	30 km/h
13%	12%	11%





Urban ITS solutions in public transport









Fleet management

Passenger information

Ticketing

Supporting co-modality

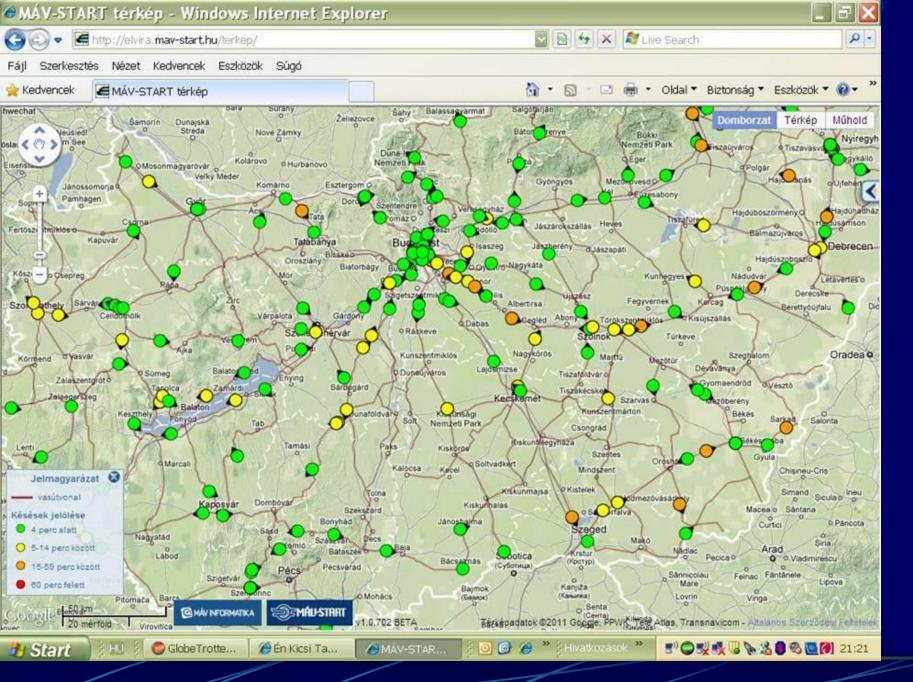
Urban ITS solutions in public transport

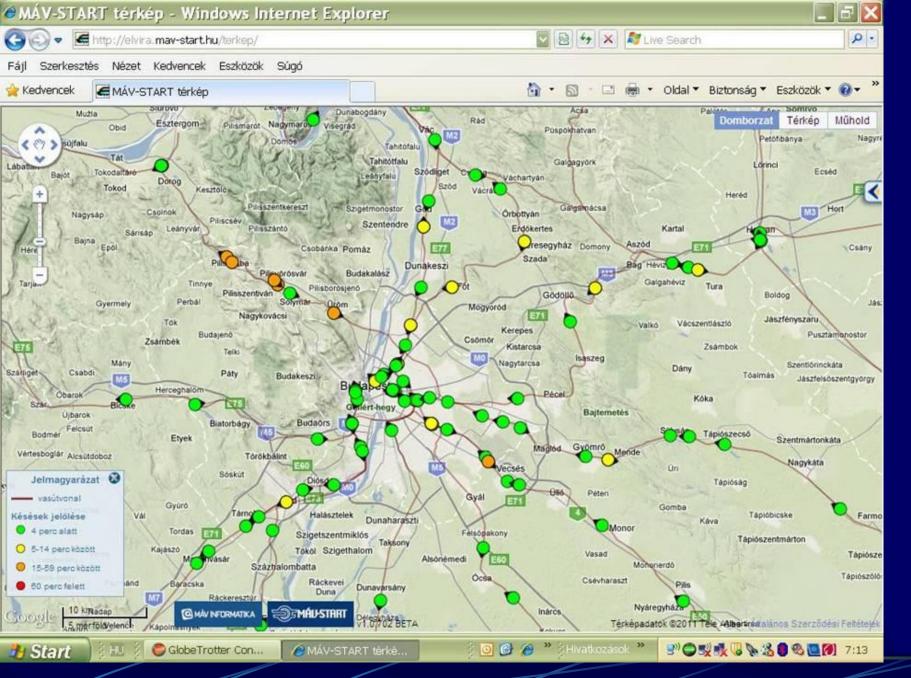
The level of service of public transport is increasing when there is information of expected arrivals and possible delays.

Displaying waiting times in bus stops is more or less already usual — visual or even audio-visual.

Railway train monitoring system including delay warnings on the Internet nation-wide since 2011.

Examples: national evening situation, Budapest agglomeration morning situation.



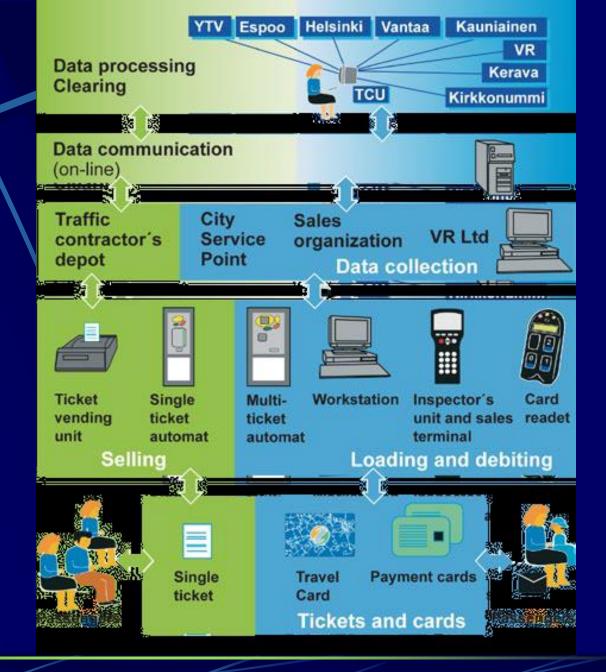


Urban ITS solutions in public transport

e-ticketing advantages:

- prevention of fraud (cut),
- o flexible tariff,
- integration and interoperability among modes and operators,
- distribution of fees especially in case of private operators,
- o passenger surveys,
- o quicker and more comfortable passenger movements,
- more efficient operation.

Electronic ticketing in public transport
Four levels of interoperability in Helsinki



Summary

The deployment of intelligent transport systems results in:

- Better traffic safety,
- Less environmental pollution,
- o More efficient traffic flows,
- o Reduced travel times,
- o Less fuel consumption,
- o International co-operation.

ERTICO video: ITS-Eddie.wmv

Thank you for your attention!

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